

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing steps to convert a service discovery stream into an N-ary tree, the service discovery stream having a list of nodes, each node having a data element, a data type and a data size, the service discovery stream having a stream size, the steps comprising:

- a) retrieving the data type and the data size of one of the nodes from the service discovery stream;
- b) adding the node to a list head;
- c) performing one of decrementing the stream size by the data size and incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of a next data element; and
- d) obtaining a next node from the list of nodes.

2. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 1 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the steps of:

- verifying the service discovery stream;
- determining the number of nodes in the list of nodes;
- creating a stack; and
- setting the list head to a sibling list pointer of the node.

3. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 1 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the step of repeating steps a), b) and c) for the next node.

4. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 3 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the step of repeating steps a), b), c) and d) for each node in the list of nodes.

5. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 1 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the step of determining if the node is a leaf node.

6. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 5 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the steps of:

if the node is a leaf node:

adjusting the service discovery stream beyond the data element;

determining if the stream size of the next node is zero; and

wherein the step of performing one of decrementing the stream size by the element size and incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of the next node comprises the step of decrementing the stream size by the data size.

7. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 5 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the steps of:

if the node is not a leaf node:

determining if the data size is zero;

if the data size is not zero, the step of performing one of decrementing the stream size by the data size and incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of a next node comprises the step of incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of the next node; and
repeating steps a), b), c), and d).

8. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 7 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the steps of:

if the node is not a leaf node:

pushing the list head, the node, and the stream size into a stack; and

setting the list head to one of a sibling list pointer of the node and a container list head;

setting the stream size to one of a size of a parent node content size and a container stream size.

9. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 1 having further computer-executable instructions for performing the steps of:

if the stream size is zero;

determining if the stack is empty;
if the stack is not empty:
 obtaining a popped list head, the next node, and a popped stream size
 from the stack;
 setting a children pointer of the next node to the list head;
 setting the stream size to a revised stream size, the revised stream size
 formed by subtracting the data size of the next node from the popped
 stream size; and
 setting the list head to the popped list head.

10. (Original) A method to convert a service discovery stream to an N-ary tree, the service discovery stream having a first number of elements, each element having an element type and an element size, the service discovery stream having a stream size, the steps comprising:

 setting a list head to a sibling list pointer of a first node;
 retrieving the element type and the element size of a first element from the service discovery stream;
 initializing the first node with the first element and the element type and the element size of the first element;
 determining if the first node is a leaf node; and
 if the first node is a leaf node:
 adding the first node to a tail of a list;
 adjusting the service discovery stream beyond the first element;
 decrementing the stream size by the element size of the first element; and
 obtaining a new node from a node listing.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10 further comprising the steps of:

 creating an array of nodes having a number of nodes, the number of nodes equal to the first number of elements plus one; and
 creating a stack.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11 further comprising the steps of:

if the first node is a not a leaf node:
 determining if the element size of the first node is equal to zero;
 if the element size of the first node is not equal to zero:
 incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of a next
 element;
 pushing the first node, the stream size, and the list head into a stack;
 adding the first node to the tail of the list;
 setting the list head to a container list head of the first node;
 setting the stream size to a container stream size; and
 obtaining the new node from the node listing.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12 further comprising the steps of:

 determining if the stream size equals zero; and
 if the stream size equals zero:
 determining if the stack is empty;
 if the stack is not empty:
 popping a new list head, the new node, and a new stream size from the
 stack;
 setting a children pointer of the new node to the list head;
 setting the stream size to the new stream size minus a size of the new
 node and;
 setting the list head to the new list head.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising the steps of:

 for each node:
 a) retrieving a new element type and a new element size of a new element
 from the service discovery stream;
 b) initializing the node with the new element and the new element type and the
 new element size of the new element;
 c) determining if the node is a leaf node; and
 d) if the node is a leaf node:

- adding the node to a tail of the list head;
adjusting the service discovery stream beyond the new element;
decrementing the stream size by the new element size of the new element;
obtaining the new node from the node listing;
- e) if the node is a not a leaf node:
determining if the new element size of the node is equal to zero;
if the new element size of the node is not equal to zero:
incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of
the next element;
pushing the node, the stream size, and the list head into the
stack;
adding the node to the tail of the list;
setting the list head to the container list head of the node;
setting the stream size to the container stream size;
obtaining the new node from the list.
- f) determining if the stream size equals zero; and
- g) if the stream size equals zero:
determining if the stack is empty;
if the stack is not empty:
popping the new list head, the new node, and the new
stream size from the stack;
setting a children pointer of the new node to the list head;
setting the stream size to the new stream size minus a size
of the new node;
setting the list head to the new list head; and
if the stream size does not equal zero, repeating steps a) to g) for the new node.

15. (Original) A method to convert a service discovery stream to an N-ary tree, the service discovery stream having a first number of elements, each element having an element type and an element size, the service discovery stream having a stream size, the steps comprising:
setting a list head to a sibling list pointer of a first node;

retrieving the element type and the element size of a first element from the service discovery stream;

initializing the first node with the first element and the element type and the element size of the first element;

determining if the first node is a leaf node; and

if the first node is a leaf node:

adding the first node to the list head;

adjusting the service discovery stream beyond the first element;

decrementing the stream size by the element size of the first element; and

obtaining a new node from a node listing.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15 further comprising the steps of:

creating an array of nodes having a number of nodes, the number of nodes equal to the first number of elements plus one; and

creating a stack.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising the steps of:

if the first node is a not a leaf node:

determining if the element size of the first node is equal to zero;

if the element size of the first node is not equal to zero:

incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of a next element;

pushing the first node, the stream size, and the list head into the stack;

adding the first node to the list head;

setting the stream size to a content size of a parent node;

obtaining the new node from the node listing; and

setting the list head to a sibling list pointer of the new node;

18. (Original) The method of claim 17 further comprising the steps of:

determining if the stream size equals zero; and

if the stream size equals zero:

determining if the stack is empty;
if the stack is not empty:
 popping a new list head, the new node, and a new stream size from the
 stack;
 setting a children pointer of the new node to the list head;
 setting the stream size to the new stream size minus a size of the new
 node; and;
 setting the list head to the new list head.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18 further comprising the steps of:

for each node:

- A
- a) retrieving a new element type and a new element size of a new element from the service discovery stream;
 - b) initializing the node with the new element and the new element type and the new element size of the new element;
 - c) determining if the node is a leaf node; and
 - d) if the node is a leaf node:
 - adding the node to the list head;
 - adjusting the service discovery stream beyond the new element;
 - decrementing the stream size by the new element size of the new element;
 - obtaining the new node from the node listing;
 - e) if the node is a not a leaf node:
 - determining if the new element size of the node is equal to zero;
 - if the new element size of the node is not equal to zero:
 - incrementing the service discovery stream to the beginning of the next element;
 - pushing the node, the stream size, and the list head into the stack;
 - adding the node to the list head;
 - obtaining the new node from the node listing;

setting the list head to the sibling list pointer of the new
node;
setting the stream size to the container stream size;
f) determining if the stream size equals zero; and
g) if the stream size equals zero:
determining if the stack is empty;
if the stack is not empty:
popping the new list head, the new node,
and the new stream size from the stack;
setting a children pointer of the new node
to the list head;
setting the stream size to the new stream
size minus a size of the new node;
setting the list head to the new list head; and
if the stream size does not equal zero, repeating steps a) to g) for the new node.

20. (Original) A method to convert a service discovery stream to an N-ary tree comprising:

- a) receiving a reference to a list head, a node list, a stream, and a stream size;
- b) determining if the stream size is equal to zero;
- c) if the stream size is not equal to zero:
 - retrieving a data type and a data size of a data element from the stream;
 - initializing a node with the data type, the data size, and the data element;
 - adding the node to the list head;
 - performing one of adjusting the stream beyond the data element and incrementing the stream to the beginning of a next data element;
 - performing one of decrementing the stream size by the data size and decrementing the stream size by a container size of a stream of a container; and
 - obtaining a next node from the node list.

21. (Original) The method of claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

determining if the node is a leaf node;
if the node is a leaf node, repeating steps a) to c) for the next node; and
wherein the step of performing one of adjusting the stream beyond the data element and incrementing the stream to the beginning of the next data element comprises the step of adjusting the stream beyond the data element and the step of performing one of decrementing the stream size by the data size and decrementing the stream size by the container size of the stream of the container comprises the step of decrementing the stream size by the data size.

22. (Original) The method of claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

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determining if the node is a leaf node;
if the node is not a leaf node:
 calling a parsing function to receive a reference to the list head of the container,
 the node list, the stream, and the container size;
 repeating steps a) to c) for the next node; and
wherein the step of performing one of adjusting the stream beyond the data element and incrementing the stream to the beginning of the next data element comprises the step of incrementing the stream to the beginning of the next data element and the step of performing one of decrementing the stream size by the data size and decrementing the stream size by the container size of the stream of the container comprises the step of decrementing the stream size by the container size of the stream of the container.

23. (Original) The method of claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

creating an array of nodes having a number of nodes, the number of nodes equal to a number of data elements in the stream;
setting the list head to a sibling list pointer of a first node;
obtaining the next node; and
calling a parsing function to receive a reference to the list head of the container, the node list, the stream, and the container size.
